



K20U 1290

Reg. No. :

Name :

III Semester B.Sc. Degree (CBCSS – Sup./Imp.)

Examination, November 2020

(2014 –'18 Admns.)

COMPLEMENTARY COURSE IN MATHEMATICS

3C03MAT – PH : Mathematics for Physics and Electronics – III

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 40

SECTION – A

All the first 4 questions are compulsory. They carry 1 mark each :

1. Verify that $y = cx^3$ is a solution of $xy' = 3y$.
2. Check the linear independence of $\sin 2x$ and $\cos 2x$.
3. Define Dirac delta function.
4. Examine whether $f(x) = |x|$ is odd, even or neither odd nor even. **(4×1=4)**

SECTION – B

Answer any 7 questions from among the 5 to 13. These questions carry 2 marks each :

5. Solve $y' = (1 + x)(1 + y^2)$.
6. Represent the family of curves $xy = c$ by differential equation.
7. Find the integrating factor of $y' + y \tan x = \cos^3 x$.
8. Solve $y'' + 4y = \sin 3x$.
9. Using the definition, find the Laplace transform of $\sin \omega t$.
10. Find the inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{e^{-3s}}{(s-1)^4}$.

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11. Verify that $u = x^2 - y^2$ is a solution of the two dimensional Laplace equation $u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0$.
12. Solve $u_{xx} - u_{yy} = 0$.
13. Find a_0 of the Fourier series of $f(x) = x + x^2, -\pi < x < \pi$. (7x2=14)

SECTION - C

Answer **any 4** questions from among the **14 to 19**. These questions carry **3 marks each** :

14. Solve the initial value problem $y' + 5y = 20; y(0) = 2$.
15. Find the Fourier series expansion of $f(x) = 2x, -1 < x < 1$.
16. Use the method of reduction of order to solve $x^2 y'' - 5x y' + 9y = 0$, given that $y = x^3$ is a solution.
17. Using convolution, find the inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{1}{s^2(s-1)}$.
18. Solve $y'' - 3y' + 2y = 4x$.
19. Find a solution $u(x, y)$ of the equation $y^3 u_x + x^2 u_y = 0$ by separating variables. (4x3=12)

SECTION - D

Answer **any 2** questions from among the **20 to 23**. These questions carry **5 marks each** :

20. Find the orthogonal trajectories of the family of parabolas $y = cx^2$.
21. Find a second order homogeneous linear differential equation for which x^2 and $x^2 \ln x$ are solutions.
22. Solve using Laplace transform $y'' + y = t, y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -2$.
23. Find the Fourier series of $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } -\pi < x < 0 \\ -1 & \text{if } 0 < x < \pi \end{cases}$. (2x5=10)